2nd edition



Student's Book and **Workbook Pack**

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Starter Level







Open Mind Student's Book

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Classroom language 4-6

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Williams stiffing age 51 st	SCANNING FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION: a description	Listening to introductions FUNCTION understanding personal information and family descriptions	COMMUNICATION STRATEGY: making introductions	Writing an introduction FUNCTION giving information about a friend
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PRONUNCIATION	GRAMMAR	VOCABULARY	STUDY SKILLS
WORDS: contractions	SUBJECT PRONOUNS AND BE— STATEMENTS FUNCTION using subject pronouns and be to give personal information such as names POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES FUNCTION using possessive adjectives to talk about the names and nicknames of other people LANG	GREETINGS FUNCTION learning how to greet people at different times of day THE ALPHABET FUNCTION learning to spell names NUMBERS 0-10 FUNCTION identifying numbers and using them to give personal information such as telephone numbers GUAGE WRAP-UP	SPEAKING AND PRONUNCIATION FUNCTION learning ways to study and practice speaking and pronunciation
SOUNDS: plural -s	PLURAL NOUNS, A/AN, THERE IS / THERE ARE	EVERYDAY OBJECTS FUNCTION identifying everyday objects and furniture	VOCABULARY FUNCTION learning ways
	FUNCTION using there is/there are to say what things are in the classroom BE—YES/NO QUESTIONS FUNCTION using yes/no questions to ask about everyday objects and personal	NUMBERS 11-101 FUNCTION identifying numbers above ten and using them to talk about prices of everyday objects PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE FUNCTION using prepositions of place to talk about where	to practice vocabulary
	information	things are	
		GUAGE WRAP-UP	
WORDS: stressed syllables	BE—INFORMATION QUESTIONS FUNCTION using information questions with be to ask for personal information, such as names, ages, and nationalities POSSESSIVE APOSTROPHE FUNCTION using the apostrophe to show family relationships and to talk about peoples' names	FUNCTION identifying countries and landmarks around the world NATIONALITIES AND LANGUAGES FUNCTION learning to say where people are from and the languages they speak FAMILY FUNCTION identifying family members and describing their relationships to one another	READING FUNCTION learning ways to study and practice reading
	LANC	GUAGE WRAP-UP	
WORDS: the /ðə/ vs. /ði/	CAN/CAN'T FOR ABILITY FUNCTION using can and can't to talk about what people are able to do A/AN VS. THE FUNCTION using the definite article to talk about things we have already mentioned	ACTIVITIES FUNCTION learning to talk about common hobbies and activities THE BODY FUNCTION identifying parts of the face and body DAYS OF THE WEEK AND MONTHS OF THE YEAR FUNCTION identifying the days of the week and the months of the year	GRAMMAR FUNCTION learning ways to study and practice grammar
	LANC	GUAGE WRAP-UP	
WORDS: one-, two-, and three-syllable words	SIMPLE PRESENT — STATEMENTS FUNCTION using the simple present to talk about work routines SIMPLE PRESENT — YES/NO QUESTIONS FUNCTION using the simple present to ask about work routines	PLACES IN A TOWN FUNCTION identifying common places in a town JOBS FUNCTION identifying common jobs and talking about where people work TELLING TIME FUNCTION learning to tell time	LISTENING FUNCTION learning ways to study and practice listening
		GUAGE WRAP-UP	
SOUNDS: silent letters	SIMPLE PRESENT—INFORMATION QUESTIONS FUNCTION using the simple present to ask about daily routines FREQUENCY ADVERBS FUNCTION using adverbs of frequency to talk about healthy lifestyles	FOOD AND MEALS FUNCTION identifying common foods and meals COLORS FUNCTION identifying common colors DAILY ACTIVITIES FUNCTION describing daily routine	WRITING FUNCTION learning ways to study and practice writing
	LANC	GUAGE WRAP-UP	

○ Workbook 75–113

CLASSROOM LANGUAGE

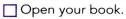
A 🔊 01 Listen and repeat.





B 202 Listen and number the phrases in the order that you hear them.







Close your book.



☐ Turn to page ...



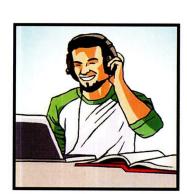
☐ Work alone.



Work in pairs.



☐ Work in groups.



Listen and repeat.



☐ Write ...



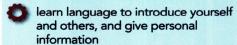
Ask and answer.

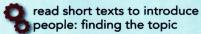


Check your answers with a partner.

UNIT 1 HIGH FIVE!

IN THIS UNIT YOU:





practice saying hello and goodbye in different ways: using polite language and informal language

listen to greetings and everyday conversations

complete a form with personal information

watch a video about greetings and introductions

A 000 Listen to the conversations. Match them to the pictures.

1 In class

Judy: Hi, I'm Judy. What's your name?

Emma: My name's Emma. Nice to meet you, Judy.

Judy: Nice to meet you, too.

2 At school

Andre: Lucy, this is Nick. Nick,

this is Lucy.

Hello, Nick. Lucy:

Hi, Lucy. How are you? Nick:

3 At work

David: Jim, this is Alice Fletcher.

Nice to meet you, Alice. I'm Jim

Alice: Nice to meet you, too, Jim.

4 At home

Hi, Mom. Tom:

Ms. Anderson: Hi, Tom. This is Mr. Carter.

Nice to meet you,

Mr. Carter.

Nice to meet you, Tom. Mr. Carter:









B Work in groups. Practice the conversations in Exercise A. Use your real names.

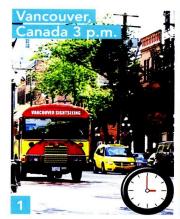
STUD **SKILLS**

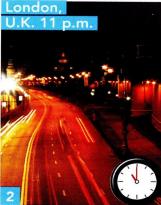
Learn ways to practice speaking and pronunciation

SPEAKING & PRONUNCIATION

1 LISTENING: to greetings

Work in pairs. Label the pictures morning, afternoon, evening, or night.









B 04 Listen and complete the conversations with the words from Exercise A. Then answer the questions below.

Welcome, Mr. Drake. 1 Cathy: 3 Dan: Good , Emily. See you Thank you, Cathy. And good Mr. Drake: soon. everyone. **Emily:** Bye, Dan. See you. Good 2 Jenny: , Professor Dalton. 4 Ms. Chen: Good . Mr. Hancock. Professor Dalton: Hi, Jenny. How are you? Mr. Hancock: Hello, Ms. Chen. Fine, thanks. Jenny: 1 Which phrases mean hello? 2 Which phrase means goodbye?

C Work in pairs. Practice the conversations in Exercise B. Then practice the conversations again using your real names.

2 VOCABULARY: the alphabet

A 00 Listen and repeat the letters of the alphabet.

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

- Work in pairs. Introduce yourself and spell your name.
- A: Good morning. I'm Joanne.
- B: Nice to meet you, Joanne. How do you spell your name?
- A: J-O-A-N-N-E.
- B: Thank you.

HOW TO SAY IT

J = capital "j" nn = double "n"

3 GRAMMAR: subject pronouns and be—statements

A 00 LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT Listen to the conversations on the next page. Where are the people? Circle the correct place.

- a) at home
- b) at work
- c) at school

NOTICE

Look at the words in bold. What do these words refer to?

1

Anna: Good morning. I'm sorry! I'm late

for school!

Mr. Black: No, you aren't. It's OK.

Anna: I'm Anna. Anna Becker. I'm a

student at this school.

Mr. Black: I'm Mr. Black. I'm the teacher.

Good morning.

2

Mr. Black: Good morning.

Lucas: Good morning. I'm Lucas Bonnay, and this is Daniel. **We**'re brothers.

Mr. Black: How do you spell your last name?

Lucas: B-O-N-N-A-Y.

Mr. Black: Yes, you're in my class. Welcome.

3

Mr. Black: Good morning, Inga.

Kirsten: I'm not Inga. I'm Kirsten.

Mr. Black: Oh, I'm sorry, Kirsten.

Kirsten: It's OK. Inga isn't here. She's sick.

4

Anna: Excuse me, Mr. Black. Erik isn't here

today. And Petra isn't here. They're

at work.

Mr. Black: Thank you, Anna.

B ANALYZE: subject pronouns Read the conversations in Exercise A again.

Function

We use subject pronouns in place of names and nouns to avoid repetition.

Inga isn't here. She's sick.

Form Complete the table with the correct subject pronouns.

	1st person	2 nd person	3 rd person		
	Person	person	m.	f.	n.
Singular	(1)		He	(2)	lt
Plural	We	You	They	<i>t</i>	

C ANALYZE: be

Form Read and complete the table with the correct contracted forms of the verb be.

There are three forms of the verb be: am, are, is. To form the negative, add not.

WATCH OUT!	
✓ I'm Anna.	
🗶 I Anna.	

Affirmative full form	Contraction		Negative full form	Contraction	kuis otamiesi suutsaanis Karusia
l am late.	(1)	late.	l am not Inga.	(7) I	_ Inga.
You are in my class.	(2)	in my class.	You are not late.	(8) You	late.
It is OK.	(3)	OK.	It is not OK.	It isn't OK.	
He/She is sick.	(4) He's/	sick.	He/She is not here.	(9) He/She	here.
We are brothers.	(5)	brothers.	We are not late.	We aren't late.	
They are at work.	(6)	at work.	They are not sick.	They aren't sick.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Function

We use the verb be to talk about name, age, and where people are.

D PRACTICE Circle the correct option.

- 1 I'm Luisa Gil. I 'm / 're a student.
- 2 You is / are late.
- 3 He am / is not here.
- 4 We am / are at home. We am not / are not at school.
- 5 Carolina isn't / aren't a teacher. She 's / 're a student.
- 6 Giulia and Tomas is / are at home. They isn't / aren't at work.

E NOW YOU DO IT Work in pairs. Write one true sentence and one false sentence, using the verb be. Guess the true and false sentences with your partner.

A: I'm a student.

A: Alice is here.

B: True! You're a good student.

B: False! She isn't here.

WATCH OUT!

He isn't here.

(X) He not here.

4 PRONUNCIATION: contractions

A 70 07 Listen and repeat. Notice that contractions are pronounced as one word.

1	ľm	I'm not
2	You're	You aren't
3	He's	He isn't
4	She's	She isn't
5	lt's	It isn't
6	We're	We aren't
7	They're	They aren't

B 308 Listen and practice saying the sentences.

- 1 I'm late.
- 3 We're here.
- 5 It isn't OK.

- 2 She's a teacher.
- 4 You aren't a teacher.
- 6 They're brothers.

5 VOCABULARY: numbers 0–10

A 🔊 09 Listen and repeat the numbers.

O zero

2

3

4 four

5 five 6

7

8 eight

nine

10

B 🔊 10 Listen and circle the number you hear.

1 a) 324

2 a) 9974

3 a) 8390

4 a) 59218

5 a) 238,849,171

b) 329

b) 9874

b) 8391

b) 59268

ы 238,841,979

C Label the pictures with the words in the box.

address phone number student ID number







D Work in pairs. Ask and answer about your phone number, address

Work in pairs. Ask and answer about your phone number, address, and student ID number.

A: What's your phone number?

B: It's two eight three ...

6 GRAMMAR: possessive adjectives

A LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT Match the names to the nicknames.











- 1 Her first name is Katherine.
- 2 His full name is Jefferson Derrick Moore.
- 3 I'm Jonathon.
- 4 We're Becky, Barbie, and Betsy Brown.
- 5 Their names are Richard and Enrique.

- a) My nickname is Jon.
- b) She's Kathy.
- c) Their nicknames are Ricky—and Ricky.
- d) He's J.D. Moore. "J.D." are his initials.
- e) Our nickname is the Busy Bees!

ANALYZE Read the sentences in Exercise A again.

Function We use possessive adjectives to show who something belongs to.

This is my friend. Her name is Maria. = The name of my friend is Maria.

Form Complete the table with the correct possessive adjectives.

NOTICE!

Circle the correct answers.

- 1 What words refer to a woman?
- 2 What words refer to two or more people? our / my / their

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives			
I'm Michael.	(1) name is Michael.			
You 're Samira.	Your name is Samira.			
He 's Jean-Pierre.	(2) name is Jean-Pierre.			
She 's Katy.	Her name is Katy.			
We 're David and Debbie Donnelly.	(3) last name is Donnelly.			
They're Joshua and Heather Wilson.	(4) last name is Wilson.			

C PRACTICE Look at the pictures. Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.













- 1 I'm Jennifer Lopez. I'm / My nickname is J-Lo.
- 2 He's / His Johnny Depp. He's / His full name is John Christopher Depp II.
- 3 Our / We names are André and Antwan. Our / We are OutKast!
- 4 She's Stefani Germanotta. She's / Her nickname is Lady Gaga.
- 5 They're / Their the Kings of Leon. They / Their first names are Caleb, Jared, Matthew, and Nathan.
- 6 Hello. I'm my / your teacher. I'm / My name's Mrs. Rowland.

D NOW YOU DO IT Work in pairs. Take turns talking about your classmates' nicknames.

A: Her nickname is Sunny.

B: She's Sun Yee!

WATCH OUT!

Their names are Nick and Nora.

They're names are Nick and Nora.

High five!

UNIT 1

D Work in pairs. Copy the online ticket form into your

7 READING: finding the topic

A paragraph in English describes one topic. All the sentences in the paragraph usually refer to that topic. To find the topic, ask yourself who or what each sentence refers to.

A Read the paragraphs. Check (/) the main topic.





This is Ceci Arellano. Ceci's her nickname. It's short for Cecilia. She's from Mexico. She's in my English class. She's very nice. And she's a good student!



It's nice to meet you, class! I'm Mr. Patel. I'm from Santa Monica, in California. I'm your new teacher. My office is 12B. Come say hello!



☐ California ☐ a new teacher

my school my brother

B Match the names to the sentences.

a) Her last name is Arellano. 1 Ken 2 Ceci b) He's from California.

3 Mr. Patel c) He's a teacher.

8 SPEAKING: using polite language and informal language

🚺 It's polite to use hello, goodbye, good morning, good evening, please, and thank you when we talk to other people. With friends, family, and people we know well, we can also use more informal language like hey, hi, and thanks.

A 11 Listen to two conversations and match them to the pictures. Which is a conversation between friends? Which is a conversation between strangers?

1		
Paul:	(1)	, RedBlue Telecom,
	Paul speaking. Wha	t's your cell phone number,
	(2)	?
David:	It's 798-555-2789.	
Paul:	What's your name,	olease?
David:	It's David Brown.	
Paul:	And your middle na	ime?
David:	Michael.	
Paul:		, Mr. Brown. How can
	I help you?	
2		
Mark:	(4)	, Jonas.
Jonas:	(5)	, Mark.
Mark:	What's your last nar	ne?
Jonas:	It's Parker.	
Mark:	(6)	. And what's your
	email address?	
Jonas:	It's jonas8@musicm	ail.net.
Mark:		
Jonas:		s 541-555-8426, and my
	cell phone number	
Mark:		. (8)
	Let's stay in touch!	
	make accept the selection	



B 11 Listen again and complete the conversations in Exercise A with the formal and informal phrases in the box.

Good evening Great Hey Hi OK please Thanks Thank you

- C Work in pairs. Are you friends or strangers? Ask each other about:
- first name • last name • middle name • cell phone number • email address

9 WRITING: completing a form

12 Listen to the conversation. Circle the correct information on the concert ticket.



- **B** Look at the ticket in Exercise A again. Complete the information.
- 1 Her first name is 3 Her last name is
- Complete the online ticket form with your information.

Work in pairs. Copy the online ticket form into your



4 Her email address is

notebook, and interview your partner to complete the information. A: What's your first name?

2 Her middle initial is

B: It's Zach.

@ = at

. = dot

_ = underscore

studySkills

ASKING THE TEACHER FOR HELP

A Write the words in the correct order to make questions to ask for help.

1 say this / How / in English / do you /?

2 you / How do / this / pronounce /?

3 that / What / mean / does / ?

B Who says these things? Write T (teacher) or S (student).

1 Excuse me, I have a question.

2 Work in pairs.

3 Close your books.

4 I don't understand.

5 Can you write it on the board?

6 Turn to page 9.

USING THE DICTIONARY FOR HELP

Long words in English have stressed syllables. Say these stressed syllables higher, longer, and a little louder. Your dictionary shows you which syllables are stressed. For example:



A 13 Look at the transcriptions and read the words. Which syllable is stressed? Listen and repeat.

1 /'ɪŋglɪʃ/ English

2 /'kwest \((\pi)\n / \) question 3 /pr\partial 'nauns/ pronounce 4 /'nik,neim/ nickname

5 /'namber/ number

B Look at these words. Which syllable is stressed? Check your dictionary. Then <u>underline</u> the stressed syllable.

1 introduction 2 introduce 3 evening 4 conversation

C 14 Now listen and check your answers. Then listen again and repeat.

Speaking/Pronunciation Vocabulary Reading

MY WAY TO PRACTICE ... SPEAKING & PRONUNCIATION

A Read about how these students practice speaking. Which student is like you?



Karin: I practice everything in class. I finish an exercise and then I do it again.
And again. And then again! I work with different partners. I speak English at home.



Esteban: I practice at home with the class CD. First I listen and repeat what I hear.
I try to use the correct stress, intonation, and pronunciation. I also sing my favorite English songs!



Sandra: My friend and I meet other English speakers online and have conversations. We meet people from all over the world!

В	Check (1)	the things	vou do to	practice s	neaking	and '	pronunciation.
	CHECK (V)	the timigs	you do to	practice s	peaking	anu	promunciadon.

- I speak English at home.
- ☐ I practice exercises in class.
- ☐ I work with different partners.
- I speak with other English speakers online.
- ☐ I practice with other students after class.
- I practice every day.
- I sing English songs.
- I speak with the class CD.

Work in pairs or groups. Share your answers from Exercises A and B. Talk about more ideas to practice speaking and pronunciation.

- A: I practice pronouncing new words again and again.
- B: That's good. I do conversation exchanges with native speakers.

SET A GOAL:

Write one new way you plan to practice speaking and pronunciation.

Language wrap-up

1 VOCABULARY

A Complete the conversations with words in the box. (5 points)

Good	afternoon Hey	last meet This	
		, Alan. (2)	is Samir.
2	hews: (4) Hello, Mr. M	, class. latthews.	I'm Mr. Matthews. name, Mr. Matthews?
Mr. Matt	hews: It's M-A-T-T-		
1 3 2 5 3 6	a) fiveb) tenc) seven		
4 7 5 10	d) six e) three		
	orrect: Look again a		alphabet, and numbers from 0 to 10. ections 2 and 5 on pages 7, 8 and 10.

2 GRAMMAR

A Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be*. Use contractions where possible. (5 points)

1 You	a great singer. (not)
2 lt	a new class.
3 He	a teacher. (not)
4 They	in my class.
5 l	Daniel. (not)

B Circle the correct option. (5 points)

- 1 How do you spell you / your name?
- 2 He / She is a student. His first name is Jay.
- 3 They're / Their friends aren't here.
- 4 We / Our names are Ben and Jerry.
- 5 You / I am Jack. My last name is White.

8–10 correct: I can use the verb be in affirmative and negative statements, subject pronouns, and possessive adjectives. **0–7 correct:** Look again at Sections 3 and 6 on pages 8, 9 and 11.

SCORE:

open Mind

Starter Level

is part of the ground-breaking *Mind* series, a general English course for adults that targets their language needs and provides them with the professional, academic, and personal skills they need for success in the 21st century. The key features of the series are:

- Life Skills: Higher-order skills such as critical thinking, organizational, and learning skills that students need in order to be successful in their professional, academic, and everyday lives. (The Starter level features study skills rather than life skills.)
- Language sub-skills with tips to support the development of the four language skills.
- Step-by-step approach to grammar with grammar sections that provide a clear focus on the meaning, form, and function of the language.
- Focus on functional language that helps learners improve their fluency and speaking skills.
- Independent learning features throughout the course such as Notice!, Reflect and How are you doing? boxes that encourage learners to analyze their own progress.
- A range of video material and related worksheets that support the themes and key language from the Student's Book.

Student's Components

- Student's Book Pack: Print Student's Book; webcode access to Student's Resource Center
- Student's Book Premium Pack: Print Student's Book; webcode access to Student's Resource Center and Online Workbook
- Workbook Pack: Webcode access to the Online Workbook
- Online Workbook: Booklet with webcode access to the Online Workbook

Teacher's Components

 Teacher's Book Premium Pack: Print Teacher's Book; Class Audio CD; DVD with video; webcode access to Teacher's Resource Center, Online Workbook, and Presentation Kit

Resource Centers

- Student's Resource Center: Class Audio MP3s; Video; Downloadable self-study video worksheets; Downloadable wordlists; and more...!
- Teacher's Resource Center: includes everything from the Student's Resource Center, plus: Downloadable class video worksheets; Extra lifeSkills lesson plans; Unit, Mid-course, End-of course, and Placement tests

COMMON EUROPEAN FRAMEWORK



Level indicator is an exit level.



System requirements for online components

Windows	The second secon	Apple Macintosh OS			
	Windows 7 & 8		10.7 10.8 10.9		
CPU Speed (equivalent)	Any 2 GHz dual core processor or above.		Any 2 GHz dual core processor or above.		
Browser	IE 9, 10, 11 / Firefox / Chrome	Browser	Safari 6		

Internet connection required RAM: 1GB (32-bit), 2GB (64-bit), Display: 1024 x 768 pixels, 32-bit colour, Audio sound card

DVD Player (for DVD-Videos or enhanced DVD ROMs)

Minimum system requirements for the Presentation Kit

While the online components may work for other browsers, we encourage using the browsers specified in the system requirements.

For customer support please contact help@macmillan.com

